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Justice Dept. Probing Case

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By Leonard Curry & Washington Staf Stall Writer

executives about their testimony before a Senate subcommittee in which tees conduct they denied ITT had any links with Eulbright the CIA, according to sources close to 1717 matter before his potential ap-

J. William Fulbright, who chaired CIA was in communication with ITT the panel's parent Foreign Relations before and during the controversial Committee at the time knew at least hearings. The documents are part of a year - and probably three years -· before the hearings began that the CIA maintained close ties with ITT.

ITT executives Edward J. Gerrity Jr. and Robert Berrellez have been former journalist, has worked under accused of perjury for allegedly lying Gerrity as corporate relations directo the subcommittee about ITT's financial role in the Chilean presidential campaign of 1970.

The evidence may prove troublesome for a jury considering conviction of either Gerrity or Berrellez. "Can the government convict anybody who was carrying out instructions of the government?" was the rhetorical question of one source familiar with the investiga-

BERRELLEZ'S TRIAL is scheduled to begin Oct. 23 in U.S. District

Court. Cerrity's trial is on the calenandar for Dec. 4.

The CIA counseled two Interna- Fulbright had knowledge that he did tional Telephone and Telegraph Co. Pulbright had knowledge that he did executives about their testimony here.

Fulbright declined to discuss the

a Justice Department perjury investigation. Department perjury investigation. Department perjury investigation. Description Department Sent De the department's case against two

Gerrity is ITT's senior vice president for public relations. Berrellez, a top for South America since 1970.

GERRITY AND BERRELLEZ denied to the subcommittee any knowledge of an alleged \$1 million payment from ITT, with CIA concurrence, to political rivals of the late: Salvador Allende, a socialist who was elected president of Chile on Oct. 24, 1970.

Allende died in a September 1973 coup that replaced his government with a military junta, which later outlawed Allende's Marxist party. LET I - TO SULPRING TO STORE THE STORE OF TH The junta reported Allende committed suicide, but Allende's widow claimed he was murdered.

Gerrity testified at the Senate hearings that ITT was concerned that Allende's anti-business and anti-U.S. platform in 1970 would lead to a Chilean government takeover of ITT assets in the South American nation.

-But Gerrity said he had "no knowledge of money being offered" to anti-Allende forces "and it is not my understanding that any money was offered to the CIA."

ITT is the world's largest manufacturer of telecommunications equipment with operations in more than 80 countries. ITT's investment in Chile included a \$153 million interest in the national telephone company, which was only two-thirds protected by U.S. government guarantees against expropriation.

RICHARD HELMS, who was the CIA director at the time of the Allende campaign, pleaded no contest last year to two charges of lying under eath to Congress about CIA involvement in the Chilean election.

Sources said the Justice Depart-ment's evidence shows the CIA was in continuous contact with ITT during the Church subcommittee's prehearing investigation that began in the spring of 1972 and may even have orchestrated crucial parts of the actual public testimony of Gerrity and Berrellez in March and April 1973.

The sources said the CIA connection with ITT was also known to Fulbright and Pat M: Holt; a senior consultant of the Foreign Relations Committee, more than a year before the subcommittee hearings. Holt, now retired, could not be reached for: bright - or an assistant or assistants leaked documents to columnist Jack Anderson whose newspaper articles in March 21 and 22, 1972, precipitated creation of the subcommittee and its subsequent inquiries.

Fulbright, an Arkansas Democrat with a distinguished, 30-year career in the Senate, is now in private lawpractice with Hogan & Hartson in the District. A woman at Fulbright's law office said Friday he was on an outof-town speaking engagement.

"The senator is unavailable until Oct. 17," the woman said.

BUT FULBRIGHT PERSONALLY answered the telephone at his North--west home. He declined to discuss any aspects of the ITT matter. When asked if he knew of the CIA connection with ITT before the subcommittee hearings, Fulbright replied: I think we'd better not talk about

it until the trial. That's in a few weeks." When asked if he had provided any information to columnist Anderson about ITT and the CIA. Fulbright said gruffly. I said I don't care to talk about it right now."
Anderson said, "No, Fulbright did

not give me the documents.

But a source familiar with material Anderson received said it seemed apparent that Fulbright knew of the CIA-ITT connection in 1972 and probably as early as 1970 when the anti-Allende campaign was

at its peak.

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the CIA channeled some \$8 million to

candidates opposing Allende, and that the CIA and ITT coordinated